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tially the same, several additions have been made. The most interesting and suggestive is an amplification of the chapter on "Malicious Interference with Contract," in the light of recent decisions. The subject is now treated in two chapters, the first entitled "Maliciously Procuring Refusal to Contract," the second, "Procuring Breach of Contract." The author accepts, though with some hesitation, the rule that no action lies for procuring a refusal to contract, when wrongful means are not employed, although the act is inspired solely by a desire to injure. Nor does he think that the fact of combination should make any difference unless resort be had to unlawful means. Where an actual breach of contract is procured, however, Professor Bigelow considers that liability should result, if not properly from the violation of the contract right, which he believes is hardly distinguishable in this regard from any other right, at least on grounds of public policy. As the present is one of the first text-books on the law of torts published since the decision in *Allen v. Flood*, [1898] App. Cas. 1, the discussion which that case provokes is especially interesting. There have likewise been added two chapters to the section on negligence, one on "Independent Contractors" and kindred subjects, and one on "Completion of Work." By these additions the book has been brought fairly to cover the entire subject of torts, as was originally planned, a consummation that previous editions have been gradually approaching. While the work is short and therefore for many purposes necessarily inadequate, its lucid style and concise definitions make it exceedingly valuable for the student.

THE LEGAL PROPERTY RELATIONS OF MARRIED PARTIES. By Isidor Loeb. New York: The Columbia University Press. 1900. pp. 197. This book is, as its sub-title announces, a study in comparative legislation, belonging to the department of political science rather than to that of law, as usually understood. It deals chiefly with the various matrimonial property systems in force in the United States and the principal countries of Europe. The author describes the leading features of each system, indicates the advantages and disadvantages of community property in its various forms, separate property, marital administration and usufruct, and the dowry system; and discusses the comparative importance and the influence upon legislation in different countries, of such conflicting considerations as the maintenance of equality and independence in the marriage relation, the preservation of the unity of the family, and the protection of the interests of third persons. In general, however, the treatment is instructive rather than argumentative, furnishing an extensive enumeration of the provisions of various codes and the causes which led to their adoption. The effects of marriage upon legal capacity, and the subject of the succession of married parties, are treated in a similar manner. The work appears to have been done thoroughly, accurately, and with great industry. There is no attempt to describe the law of any one country in exhaustive detail, and it is to the student of sociology and political science that the book mainly appeals. Yet it is also not without interest for the lawyer who prizes the breadth of thought to be derived from familiarity with systems of law other than his own.

NEWFOUNDLAND IN 1900. A Treatise of the Geography, Natural Resources, and History of the Island, Embracing an Account of Recent

and Present Large Material Movements. Finely Illustrated with Maps and Half-tone Engravings. New York: The South Publishing Co. 1900. Pp. 187.

L'ORGANISATION JUDICIARE DE NEW-YORK AU XVII^e SIÈCLE. LES PREMIERS COLONS ET LA FONDATION DE NEW ROCHELLE. Par Emile Stocquart, avocat à la Cour d'Appel de Bruxelles. Bruxelles: Alliance Typographique. 1900. pp. 22.

REPORT OF THE TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION. Held at Saratoga Springs, New York, August 29, 30, and 31, 1900. Philadelphia: Dando Printing and Publishing Co. pp. 682.

TRADE UNION LAW AND CASES. By Herman Cohen and George Howell. London: Sweet & Maxwell, Limited. 1901. pp. xiii, 250. *Review will follow.*

AN EPITOME OF PERSONAL PROPERTY LAW. By W. H. Hastings Kelke, M. A. London: Sweet & Maxwell, Limited. 1901. pp. xv, 144. *Review will follow.*

AN EPITOME OF ROMAN LAW. By W. H. Hastings Kelke, M. A. London: Sweet & Maxwell, Limited. 1901. pp. vi, 268. *Review will follow.*